

## Video 6 | 15 Elul 5784 Cantor Susan Caro

## Babylonian Talmud, Tractate Rosh Hashanah 26b

The Gemara asks: With regard to what principle do these tanna'im (rabbis of the Mishnah) disagree? One Sage, Rabbi Yehuda, holds that on Rosh HaShana the more a person bends his mind and humbles himself by bending in prayer, the better. Therefore, a curved shofar is sounded as an allusion to our bent minds and bodies. But on Yom Kippur, the more a person straightens his mind and prays with simplicity, the better. Therefore, a straight shofar is sounded. The other Sage, the anonymous tanna of the mishna, maintains the opposite: On Rosh HaShana, the more a person straightens his mind and avoids any crookedness, the better. On fasts, on the other hand, the more a person bends his mind and humbles himself, the better.

**Reflection Question:** What order is better or more important for you: To apply straightness, directness, so that you can achieve the flexibility of *t'shuvah*? Or, to draw yourself inward, bending, humbling, taking the right amount of space, and then to straighten before humanity and God on the Day of Atonement?